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iSQI CPSA-FL

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**QUESTION NO: 1 - (HOTSPOT)**

HOTSPOT

Which characteristics of a black-box building block are you able to specify as an architect? (Assign all answers.)

**Hot Area:****predefinable not predefinable**

- | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | A) Compliance with functional requirements   |
| <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | B) Compliance with non-functional requirements (i.e. meeting required constraints)   |
| <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | C) Metrics for its coupling with other building blocks at the same level of abstraction or at the same level of refinement |
| <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | D) Purpose and/or responsibility   |
| <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | E) Method signature of public interfaces   |
| <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | F) Data formats of public interfaces   |
| <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | G) Structure of the source code of this building block   |

**ANSWER:****predefinable not predefinable**

- | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/>            |  |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/>            | A) Compliance with functional requirements   |
| <input type="radio"/>            | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | B) Compliance with non-functional requirements (i.e. meeting required constraints)   |
| <input type="radio"/>            | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | C) Metrics for its coupling with other building blocks at the same level of abstraction or at the same level of refinement |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/>            | D) Purpose and/or responsibility   |
| <input type="radio"/>            | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | E) Method signature of public interfaces   |
| <input type="radio"/>            | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | F) Data formats of public interfaces   |
| <input type="radio"/>            | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | G) Structure of the source code of this building block   |

**Explanation:****QUESTION NO: 2 - (HOTSPOT)**

HOTSPOT

What is the main benefit of the layered architectural pattern? (Assign all answers.)

**Hot Area:**

**true****false**☐☐

A) Increasing flexibility

☐☐

B) Creating high-performance systems

☐☐

C) Being able to use application servers

**ANSWER:****true****false**☒☐

A) Increasing flexibility

☐☒

B) Creating high-performance systems

☐☒

C) Being able to use application servers

**Explanation:****QUESTION NO: 3**

Select the two most appropriate methods for evaluating the reliability of a software system.

(Choose two.)

- A. Determining the number of 'lines of code'
- B. Measurement of 'Mean-Time-between-Failure'
- C. Execution of performance tests
- D. Determination of the cyclomatic complexity
- E. Conducting an ATAM evaluation

**ANSWER: B C**

**QUESTION NO: 4 - (HOTSPOT)****HOTSPOT**

Which of the following statements regarding the design principle 'information hiding' are true and which are false? (Assign all answers.)

**Hot Area:****true      false**☐ ☐

A) Adhering to the 'information hiding' principle increases flexibility for modifications.

☐ ☐

B) Information hiding involves deliberately hiding information from callers or consumers of the building block.

☐ ☐

C) Information hiding makes it harder to distinguish between interface and implementation.

☐ ☐

D) Information hiding is a derivative of the approach of incremental refinement along the control flow.

☐ ☐

E) In object-oriented development, information hiding is primarily relevant at class level.

**ANSWER:****true      false**☐ ☒

A) Adhering to the 'information hiding' principle increases flexibility for modifications.

☐ ☒

B) Information hiding involves deliberately hiding information from callers or consumers of the building block.

☒ ☐

C) Information hiding makes it harder to distinguish between interface and implementation.

☐ ☒

D) Information hiding is a derivative of the approach of incremental refinement along the control flow.

☐ ☒

E) In object-oriented development, information hiding is primarily relevant at class level.

**Explanation:****QUESTION NO: 5**

What do you have to take into account when designing external interfaces? (Choose three.)

- A. Volatility of neighbouring systems
- B. Adequate usage of the broker pattern
- C. Protocols enforced by neighbouring systems
- D. Expected amount of parallel calls
- E. Ease of implementation

F. Effect on the coupling in the building block view

**ANSWER: C E F**

#### QUESTION NO: 6

For which quality characteristics is the software architect responsible?

Please name the two characteristics that best match the role of the software architect. (Choose two.)

- A. The performance of the software
- B. The technical quality of the software implementation
- C. The suitability of the software design for its purpose
- D. The software is free of errors

**ANSWER: A B**

#### QUESTION NO: 7

You want to demonstrate to colleagues that certain building blocks are suitable for the implementation of a use-case scenario.

Which of the following UML diagrams is best suited for this?

- A. Use-case diagram
- B. Sequence diagram
- C. Activity diagram
- D. Class diagram

**ANSWER: A**

**Explanation:**

Reference: <https://www.lucidchart.com/pages/uml-use-case-diagram>

#### QUESTION NO: 8

Which of the following statements are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. The push operation usually places a new element onto a stack.

- B. A stack acts exactly like a queue.
- C. A stack is organized according to the FIFO principle.
- D. A stack usually only provides access to one element at a time.

ANSWER: A D

#### QUESTION NO: 9 - (HOTSPOT)

HOTSPOT

What is the purpose of defining the system context? (Assign all answers.)

Hot Area:

true

false

☐☐

A) To illustrate the relationships between internal system components

☐☐

B) To illustrate the system's interfaces with external systems

☐☐

C) To clarify the area of responsibility of the software architect

☐☐

D) To represent the external systems

☐☐

E) To distinguish between infrastructure and application

☐☐

F) To distinguish between the hardware and software of a solution

ANSWER:

true

false

☐☒

A) To illustrate the relationships between internal system components

☒☐

B) To illustrate the system's interfaces with external systems

☐☒

C) To clarify the area of responsibility of the software architect

☐☒

D) To represent the external systems

☐☒

E) To distinguish between infrastructure and application

☐☒

F) To distinguish between the hardware and software of a solution

Explanation:

**QUESTION NO: 10 - (HOTSPOT)**

HOTSPOT

What is the main benefit of the layered architectural pattern? (Assign all answers.)

Hot Area:

true

false

☐☐

A) Increasing flexibility

☐☐

B) Creating high-performance systems

☐☐

C) Being able to use application servers

**ANSWER:**

true

false

☒☐

A) Increasing flexibility

☐☒

B) Creating high-performance systems

☐☒

C) Being able to use application servers

Explanation: