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## Implementing Secure Solutions with Virtual Private Networks (SVPN)

Cisco 300-730

Version Demo

Total Demo Questions: 10

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## Topic Break Down

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**QUESTION NO: 1 - (DRAG DROP)****DRAG DROP**

Drag and drop the correct commands from the right onto the blanks within the code on the left to implement a design that allow for dynamic spoke-to-spoke communication. Not all commands are used.

**Select and Place:**

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## Answer Area

## Router A

```
interface Tunnell
  ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0
  ip nhrp mp multicast dynamic
  ip nhrp network-id 1
  ip nhrp 
  no ip split-horizon eigrp 10
  tunnel source GigabitEthernet1
  tunnel mode gre multipoint
```

1.1.1.1

10.0.0.1

```
interface GigabitEthernet1
  ip address 1.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
```

```
router eigrp 10
  network 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255
```

redirect

## Router B

```
interface Tunnell
  ip address 10.0.0.2 255.255.255.0
  ip nhrp nhs  nbma  multicast
  ip nhrp network-id 1
  ip nhrp 
  tunnel source GigabitEthernet1
  tunnel mode gre multipoint
```

shortcut

```
interface GigabitEthernet1
  ip address 2.2.2.2 255.255.255.0
```

server-only

```
router eigrp 10
  network 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255
```

ANSWER:

## Answer Area

## Router A

```
interface Tunnel1
 ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0
 ip nhrp mp multicast dynamic
 ip nhrp network-id 1
 ip nhrp redirect
 no ip split-horizon eigrp 10
 tunnel source GigabitEthernet1
 tunnel mode gre multipoint
```

1.1.1.1

10.0.0.1

```
interface GigabitEthernet1
 ip address 1.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
```

```
router eigrp 10
 network 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255
```

redirect

## Router B

```
interface Tunnel1
 ip address 10.0.0.2 255.255.255.0
 ip nhrp nhs 10.0.0.1 nbma 1.1.1.1 multicast
 ip nhrp network-id 1
 ip nhrp shortcut
 tunnel source GigabitEthernet1
 tunnel mode gre multipoint
```

shortcut

```
interface GigabitEthernet1
 ip address 2.2.2.2 255.255.255.0
```

```
router eigrp 10
 network 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255
```

server-only

## Explanation:

Reference: [https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/sec\\_conn\\_dmvpn/configuration/xr-16/sec-conn-dmvpn-xr-16-book/sec-conn-dmvpn-summ-maps.html](https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/sec_conn_dmvpn/configuration/xr-16/sec-conn-dmvpn-xr-16-book/sec-conn-dmvpn-summ-maps.html)

## QUESTION NO: 2

A network engineer is configuring a server. The router will terminate encrypted VPN connections on g0/0, which is in the VRF "Internet". The clear-text traffic that must be encrypted before being sent out traverses g0/1, which is in the VRF "Internal". Which two VRF-specific configurations allow VPN traffic to traverse the VRF-aware interfaces? (Choose two.)

- A. Under the IKEv2 profile, add the ivrf Internal command.
- B. Under the virtual-template interface, add the ip vrf forwarding Internet command.
- C. Under the IKEv2 profile, add the match fvr Internal command.
- D. Under the IKEv2 profile, add the match fvr Internet command.
- E. Under the virtual-template interface, add the tunnel vrf Internet command.

**ANSWER: B D**

### QUESTION NO: 3

What are two functions of ECDH and ECDSA? (Choose two.)

- A. nonrepudiation
- B. revocation
- C. digital signature
- D. key exchange
- E. encryption

**ANSWER: C D**

#### Explanation:

Reference: [https://tools.cisco.com/security/center/resources/next\\_generation\\_cryptography](https://tools.cisco.com/security/center/resources/next_generation_cryptography)

### QUESTION NO: 4

```
*Jul 16 20:21:25.317: ISAKMP (1004): received packet from 192.168.0.2 dport
500 sport 500 Global (R) MM_KEY_EXCH
*Jul 16 20:21:25.317: ISAKMP: reserved not zero on ID payload!
*Jul 16 20:21:25.317: %CRYPTO-4-IKMP_BAD_MESSAGE: IKE message from 192.168.0.2
failed its sanity check or is malformed
```

Refer to the exhibit. Which type of mismatch is causing the problem with the IPsec VPN tunnel?

- A. crypto access list

- B. Phase 1 policy
- C. transform set
- D. preshared key

**ANSWER: D**

**Explanation:**

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security-vpn/ipsec-negotiation-ike-protocols/5409ipsec-debug-00.html#ike>

**QUESTION NO: 5**

A network engineer must design a clientless VPN solution for a company. VPN users must be able to access several internal web servers. When reachability to those web servers was tested, it was found that one website is not being rewritten correctly by the ASA. What is a potential solution for this issue while still allowing it to be a clientless VPN setup?

- A. Set up a smart tunnel with the IP address of the web server.
- B. Set up a NAT rule that translates the ASA public address to the web server private address on port 80.
- C. Set up Cisco AnyConnect with a split tunnel that has the IP address of the web server.
- D. Set up a WebACL to permit the IP address of the web server.

**ANSWER: A**

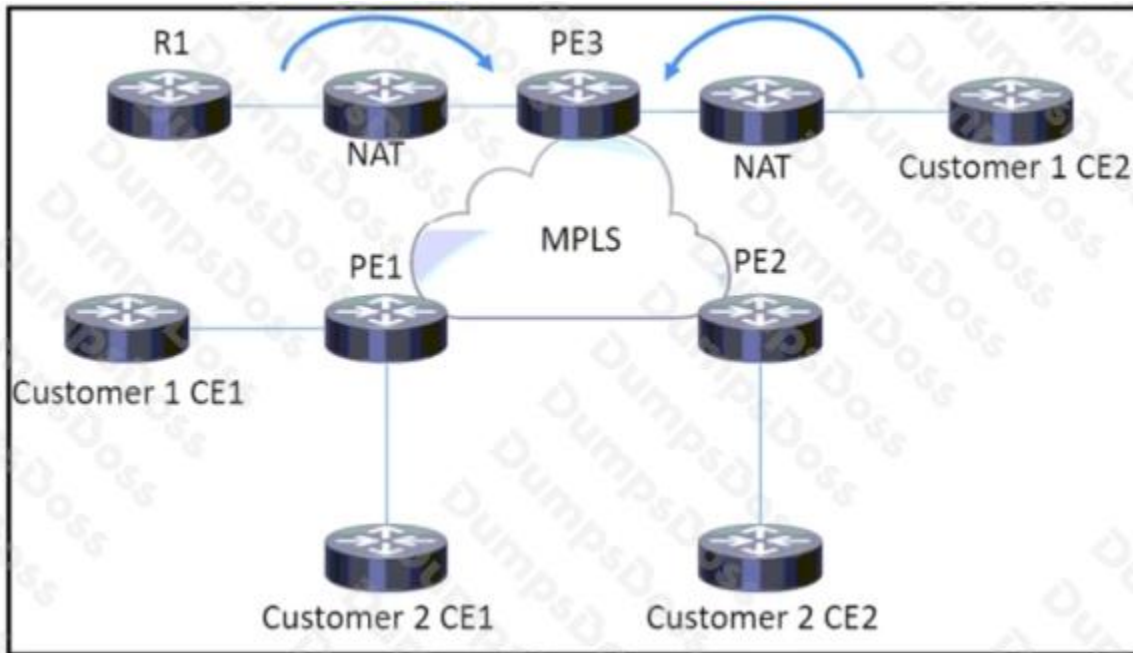
**QUESTION NO: 6**

Which two components are required in a Cisco IOS GETVPN key server configuration? (Choose two.)

- A. RSA key
- B. IKE policy
- C. SSL cipher
- D. GRE tunnel
- E. L2TP protocol

**ANSWER: A B**

**QUESTION NO: 7**



Which component must be configured on routers for a GETVPN deployment work properly?

- A. PE3: Key Server – Customer 2 CEs: Group Members
- B. Customer 1 CE1: Key Server – R1 and Customer 1 CE2: Group Members
- C. R1: Key Server – Customer 1 CEs: Group Members
- D. PE3: Key Server – all CEs: Group Members

**ANSWER: A**

#### QUESTION NO: 8

Which two types of SSO functionality are available on the Cisco ASA without any external SSO servers? (Choose two.)

- A. SAML
- B. NTLM
- C. Kerberos
- D. OAuth 2.0
- E. HTTP Basic

**ANSWER: B E**

#### QUESTION NO: 9



```
aaa authentication login default local
aaa authorization network Flex_AAA local

crypto ikev2 authorization policy Flex_Auth
  route set remote ipv4 10.0.0.0 255.255.255.0

crypto ikev2 proposal Crypto_Proposal
  encryption aes-cbc-256
  integrity sha256
  group 14

crypto ikev2 policy Crypto_Policy
  proposal Crypto_Proposal

crypto ikev2 keyring FlexKey
  peer any
  address 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
  pre-shared-key cisco
  !

crypto ikev2 profile IKEv2_Profile
  match identity remote address 192.168.0.12 255.255.255.255
  authentication local pre-share
  authentication remote pre-share
  keyring local FlexKey
  aaa authorization group cert list Flex_AAA Flex_Auth

crypto ipsec transform-set TS esp-aes 256 esp-sha256-hmac
  mode tunnel

crypto ipsec profile FlexVPN_Ipsec
  set transform-set TS
  set ikev2-profile IKEv2_Profile

interface Tunnell
  ip address negotiated
  tunnel source GigabitEthernet1
  tunnel mode ipsec ipv4
  tunnel destination 192.168.0.12
  tunnel protection ipsec profile FlexVPN_Ipsec
```

Refer to the exhibit. The VPN tunnel between the FlexVPN spoke and FlexVPN hub 192.168.0.12 is failing. What should be done to correct this issue?

- A. Add the address 192.168.0.12 255.255.255.255 command to the keyring configuration.
- B. Add the match fvr any command to the IKEv2 policy.
- C. Add the aaa authorization group psk list Flex\_AAA Flex\_Auth command to the IKEv2 profile configuration.
- D. Add the tunnel mode gre ip command to the tunnel configuration.

**ANSWER: C**

**QUESTION NO: 10**

```
tunnel-group client general-attributes  
address-pool MYPPOOL  
authentication-server-group RADIUS  
tunnel-group client ipsec-attributes  
pre-shared-key test123
```

Refer to the exhibit. Which type of VPN is used?

- A. GETVPN
- B. clientless SSL VPN
- C. Cisco Easy VPN
- D. Cisco AnyConnect SSL VPN

**ANSWER: C**